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Abstract: According to data issued by National Bureau of Statistics, by the end of 2015, the size of the migrant population in China had reached 247 million. This number accounts for 18% of the total population of China. In 2009, the National Health and Family Planning Commission of China began publishing the Migrant Population Dynamic Monitoring Cross-sectional Survey on an annual basis. The Survey uses a stratified multistage PPS design. Sample sites are drawn from inflow areas with relatively high concentrations of migrant populations in 31 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions. The survey results are representative of the whole country and all of the provinces. In May and June 2015, the National Health and Family Planning Commission of China undertook the Dynamic Monitoring Survey of Health and Family Planning Services for the Migrant Population. The survey gathered basic information about the interviewees and their family members, including data on income/expenditure, employment status, access to basic public health and family planning services, medical and health services for elderly migrants, and so on. This report presents a systematic analysis of basic information on the migrant population, migration and residential reasons for migration and intentions to remain in the inflow locale, employment and income/expenditure, and public services and medical insurance, as well as basic information on migrant women and migrant children, family planning services and management, and medical and health services for elderly migrants.

Keywords: Migrant population, Health, Health and family planning services